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## CLAIMS:

- 1. A method for synthesis of a substrate-selective

  5 membrane comprising: (a) polymerising a mixture

  comprising a template, at least one functional

  monomer, cross-linker, plasticiser and pore-forming

  component; and (b) extracting the template and

  porogen to form a flexible and porous polymeric

  membrane.
  - 2. A method according to claim 1 wherein conditions are selected so that the membrane contains small (< 100 nm in diameter) and large (> 500 nm in diameter) pores.
- 15 3. The method of claim 1 or claim 2 wherein conditions are selected so that the film has a porosity of from about 25 to 90%.
- 4. The method of any preceding claim wherein the

  monomers and/or cross-linker comprise one or more of

  vinyl, allyl, styrene, acrylic and methacrylic

  derivatives, and mixtures thereof.
  - 5. The method of any preceding claim wherein the plasticiser is selected from oligourethane acrylate, butadiene rubber, polyurethane, and caoutchoucs.
- 25 6. The method of any preceding claim wherein the poreforming component is selected from aliphatic

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hydrocarbons, aromatic hydrocarbons, esters, alcohols, ketones, ethers, solutions of soluble polymers, and mixtures thereof.

- 7. The method of claim 6 wherein the pore-forming

  5 component comprises one or more of; (a) soluble

  polymers selected from non cross-linked polymers or

  copolymers of monomers selected from styrene, ring
  substituted styrene, acrylates, methacrylates,

  dienes, vinylchloride, vinylacetate, polyvinyl

  10 chloride, and polyethylene glycol; (b) glycerol; (c)

  cyclohexanol, and (d) mineral oil.
  - 8. The method of any of claims 1-5 wherein the poreforming component comprises insoluble macroporous
    polymer particles.
- 15 9. The method of claim 8 wherein said particles are cross-linked copolymers of monomers selected from vinyl, allyl, styrene, acrylic and methacrylic derivatives.
- The method of claim 8 or claim 9 wherein said
   particles have diameters in the range 1-1000 μm.

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- 11. The method of any of claims 1-5 wherein the poreforming component is an inorganic porogen.
- 12. The method of claim 11 wherein the porogen comprises  $MgCl_2$ ,  $Mg(ClO_4)_2$ ,  $ZnCl_2$ ,  $Ca\ Cl_2$ ,  $SiO_2$ ,  $NaNO_3$ ,  $NaOCOCH_3$  and/or NaCl.

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13. The method of any preceding claim including a further step of using the membrane as a separation matrix.

- 14. The method of claim 12 wherein said separation matrix is used for membrane chromatography, or for a catalytic, diagnostic, or absorption process.
  - 15. A substrate-selective membrane as produced by the method of any of claims 1-11.
- 16. Use of a membrane according to claim 15 as aseparation matrix.

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